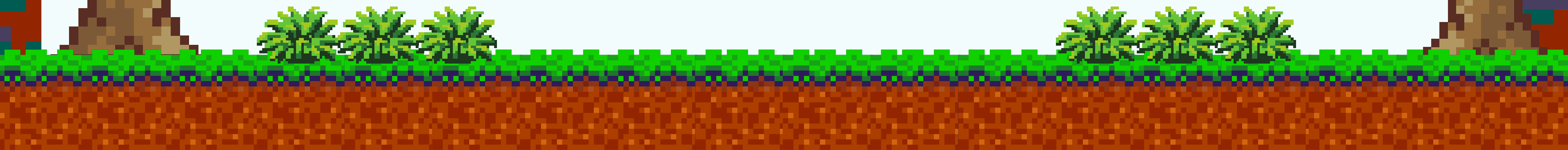


# FLYWEIGHT

Luis Diego Barrantes B70994  
Francisco Mora Díaz C05118

START



The background is a pixel art landscape. At the top, there are several light blue, pixelated clouds. Below them, two large, rounded trees with green foliage and brown trunks stand on either side of the center. The ground is a mix of green grass and brown soil, also rendered in a pixelated style.

# ÍNDICE

**PROBLEMA**

**SOLUCIÓN: FLYWEIGHT**

**ESTRUCTURA**

**EJEMPLO EN CÓDIGO**

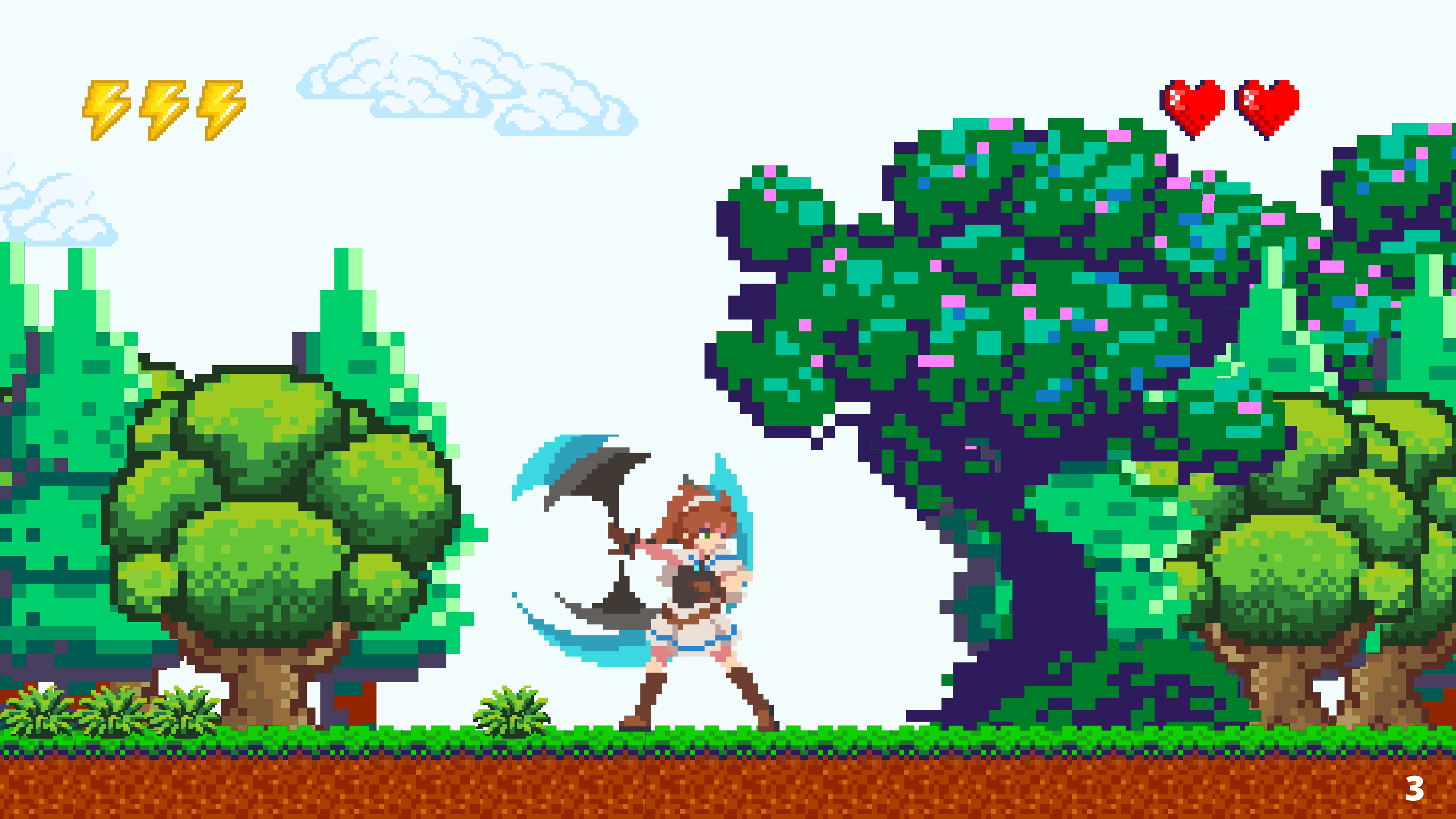
**PASOS DE IMPLEMENTACIÓN**

**FLYWEIGHT EN LA UCR**

**CONSECUENCIAS**

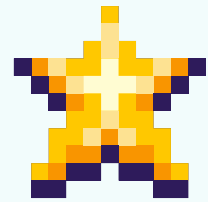
**PATRONES RELACIONADOS**



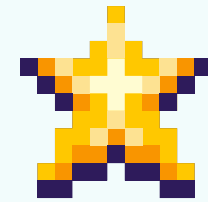




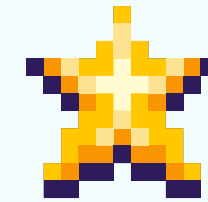
# FLYWEIGHT PATTERN



**Patrón de diseño  
estructural.**



**Procura un mejor  
aprovechamiento de la  
memoria.**



**Comparte partes  
comunes entre varios  
objetos por medio de  
Flyweights.**



# ESTADOS



**INTRÍNSICOS**

**Elementos  
comunes que  
se pueden  
compartir.**



**EXTRÍNSICOS**

**Elementos  
particulares.**



# ESTADOS



**INTRÍNSICOS**

**Nombre**  
**Textura**  
**Color**

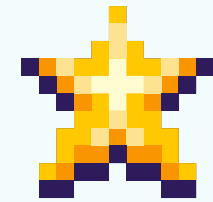


**EXTRÍNSICOS**

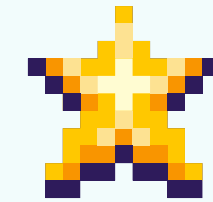
**Ubicación**  
**Tamaño**



# FLYWEIGHT



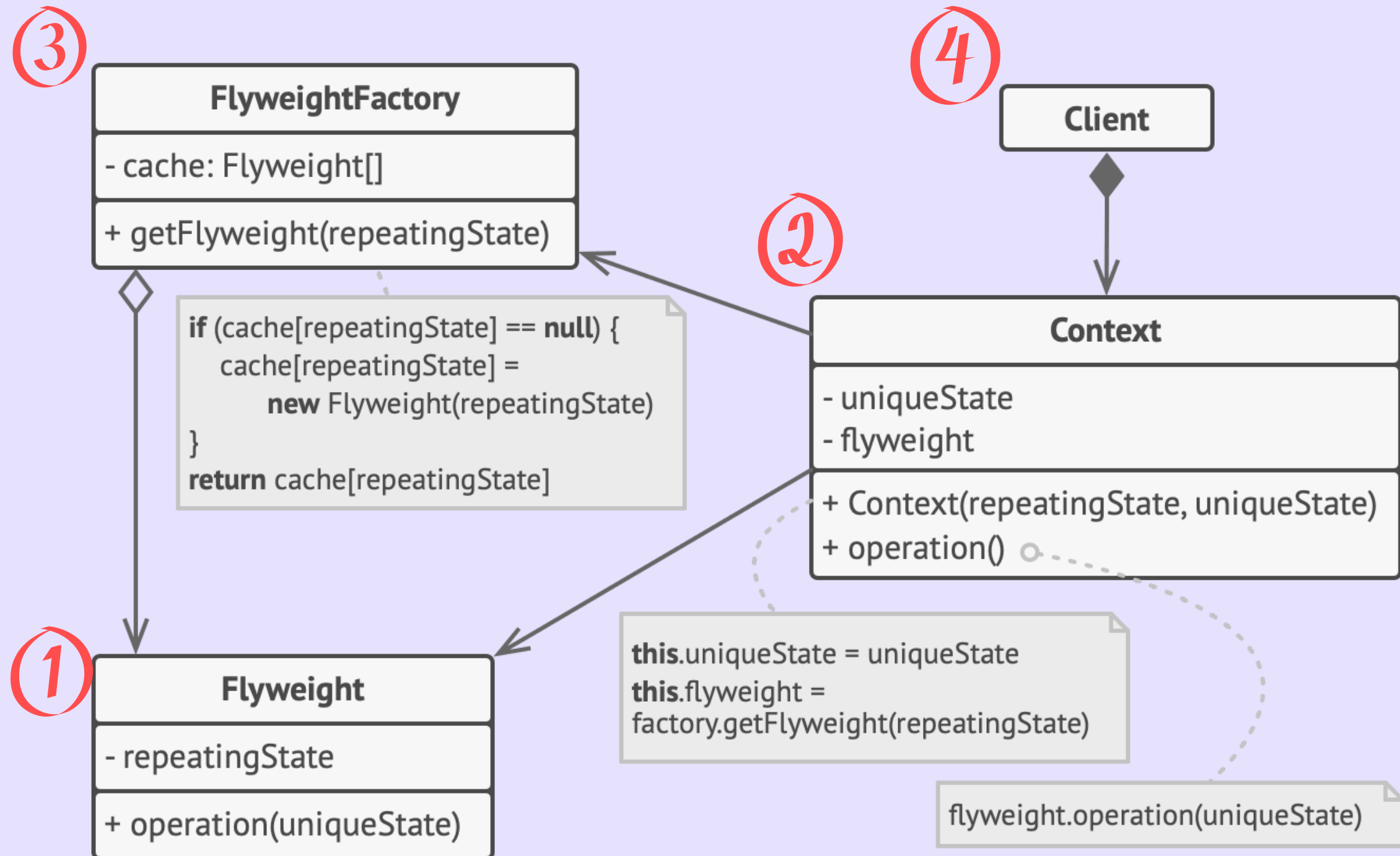
Objeto que contiene el estado intrínstico.



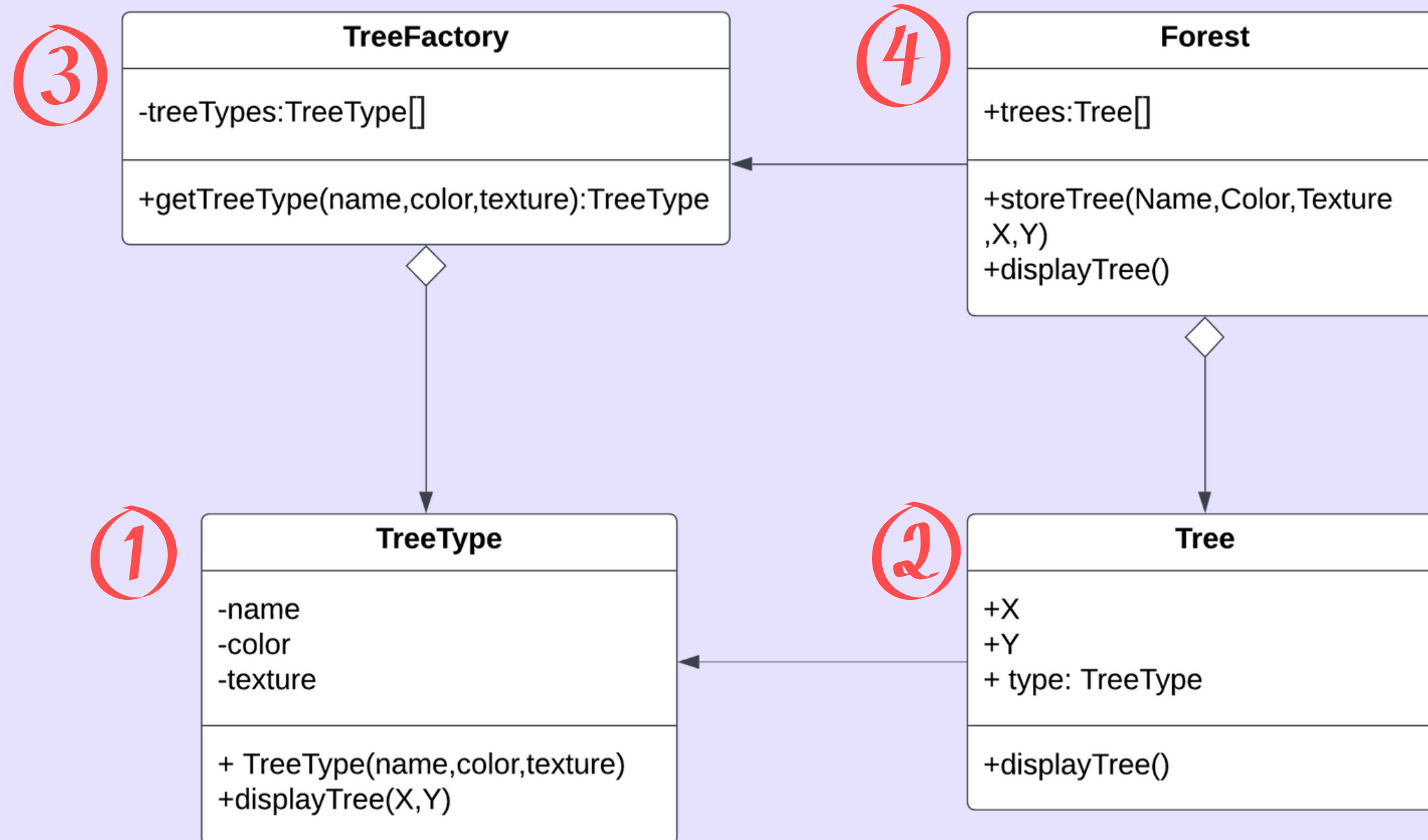
Es independiente del contexto.







- ① **Flyweight:** Contiene el estado intrínstico.
- ② **Context:** Contiene el estado extrínstico y el objeto flyweight.
- ③ **Flyweight Factory:** Administra reserva de flyweights. Únicamente crea un flyweight nuevo si en la reserva no existe uno con el estado intrínstico solicitado.
- ④ **Client:** Calcula o almacena estados extrínsticos.



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①

## Flyweight

```
public class TreeType {  
  
    private final String name;  
    private final String color;  
    private final String texture;  
  
    public void displayTree(String name, double X, double Y) {  
        System.out.println(name + " displayed at coordinates: X:" + X + " Y:" + Y);  
    }  
}
```

②

## Context

```
public class Tree {  
  
    private final TreeType type;  
    private final double X;  
    private final double Y;  
  
    public void displayTree() {  
        type.displayTree(type.getName(), X, Y);  
    }  
}
```

③

## Flyweight Factory

```
public class TreeFactory {  
    private static final Map<String, TreeType> treeTypes = new HashMap<>();  
  
    public static TreeType getTreeType(String name, String color, String texture) {  
        if (treeTypes.get(name) == null) {  
            treeTypes.put(name, new TreeType(name, color, texture));  
        }  
        return treeTypes.get(name);  
    }  
}
```

4

## Client

```
public class Forest {  
  
    private final List<Tree> trees = new ArrayList<>();  
  
    public void storeTree(double X, double Y, String name, String color, String texture) {  
        TreeType treeType = TreeFactory.getTreeType(name, color, texture);  
        trees.add(new Tree(X, Y, treeType));  
    }  
  
    public void displayTrees() {  
        trees.forEach((Tree) -> Tree.displayTree());  
    }  
  
}
```



# PASOS

**1. COMPROBAR EL RENDIMIENTO**

**2. SEPARAR EL OBJETO EN SUS ESTADOS**

**3. CREAR FLYWEIGHT FACTORY**

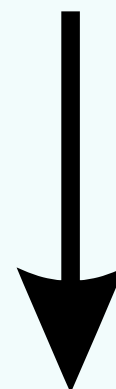
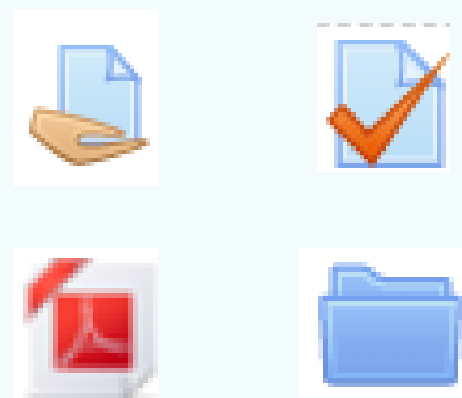
**4. LIGAR EL CLIENTE CON LA FABRICA**



# FLYWEIGHT EN LA UCR



**CLIENTE**

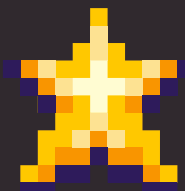


**CURSO**





# CONSECUENCIAS



## VENTAJAS



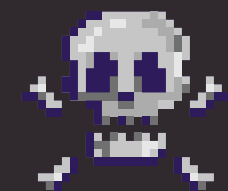
Ahorro de memoria



Mejoras en  
rendimiento



Menos objetos



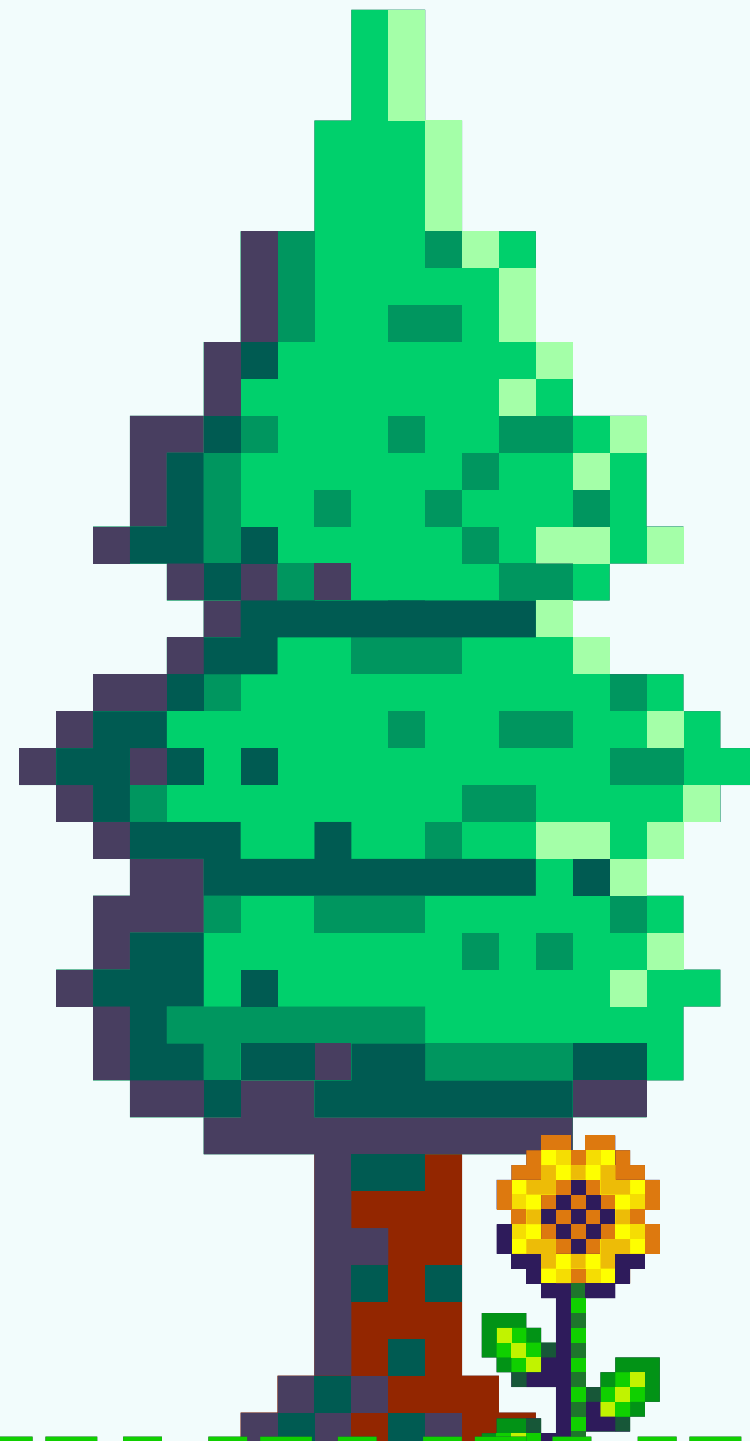
## DESVENTAJAS



Código complicado



Intercambio de RAM  
por CPU



# PATRONES RELACIONADOS



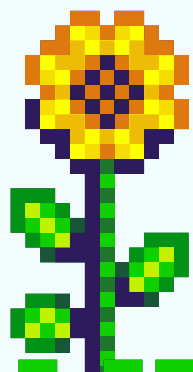
**FACTORY METHOD**



**COMPOSITE**



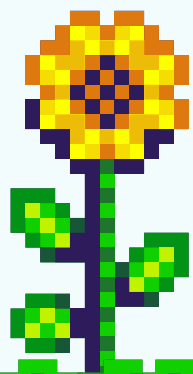
**FACADE**

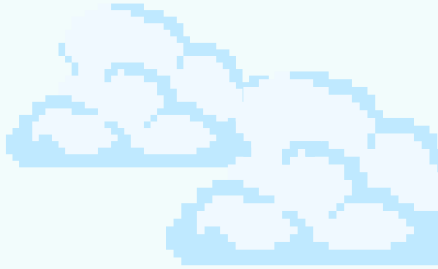
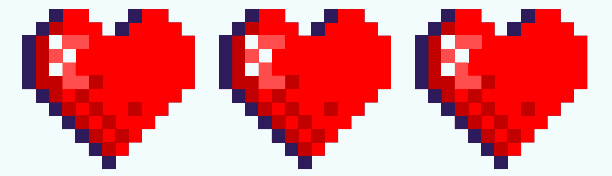
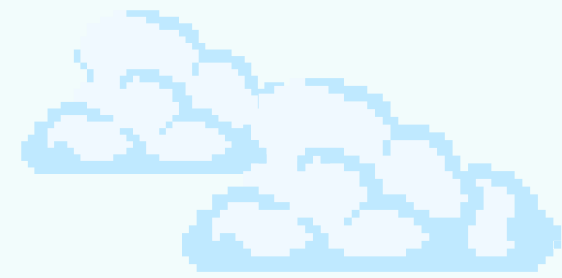
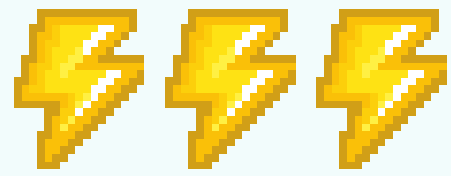


# REFERENCIAS

**Refactoring.Guru. (2023). Flyweight. Refactoring.Guru. <https://refactoring.guru/design-patterns/flyweight>**

**Geekific. (2022, January 22). The Flyweight Pattern Explained and Implemented in Java | Structural Design Patterns | Geekific [Video]. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qscOsQV-K14>**





**GRACIAS**

**GAME OVER**

